

Global Kaiyo Adventure in Tokushima City

June 2023 # 391

Japanese & Chinese Chimaki



Tokushima Hydrangea Map 2023 Gairaigo Galore: カンニング



Awa Life is a Monthly Publication of the Tokushima Prefectural International Exchange Association

The time from June to July is famously known as the rainy season for most of Japan. For those of you who have been here a few years you're probably already used to it, but for newcomers it's a good idea to prepare a nice umbrella, raincoat, etc.! Make sure not to leave bread and other items out for too long either, as they will begin to gather mold much quicker during this season. Also make sure to check the weather if you have any plans to go on vacation during this time! Have a great June!

For all of those who like writing, please feel free to submit an article to us at any point in time about basically anything. There are a few limitations though, such as you can't write about religion, politics, commercial activities or businesses or anything that we deem inappropriate. But, other than that, we would be more than happy to receive articles about anything and everything including but not limited to concerts, lectures, other events, culture, sports, community group information or anything cool that's happening in your local community.

We highly appreciate all of your articles and we love reading them. So if that writing bug of yours is buzzing about, grab a pen or a computer and write and send away! Please send all submissions to our email:

Your editors, Sydney and Nico

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Global Kaiyo Adventure in Tokushima City

By: Tony Lu

ey there, its Tony, one of the Kaiyo CIR's here! On Saturday, the 21st of March, we held an event for graduating junior high school students! For this event, we took the students to Tokushima City, where they participated in an international workshop, and enjoyed some foreign food!



Teachers and students giving self-introduction

Getting to Tokushima City from Kaiyo can take up to 2 hours, although I think the folks around here are quite used to that! After arriving at Tokushima Station, we made our way to the TOPIA office, which is located on the 6th floor of the Tokushima station building.

Here, TOPIA gave our students a very informative presentation about the foreigners living in Tokushima Prefecture, their nationalities and the industries they work in. We also talked about some ways we can coexist and communicate with people from other countries, like by using simple Japanese!



Student guests giving a talk at workshop



TOPIA workshop discussion

TOPIA also had two student guests hailing from China and Vietnam come in and chat with us! We got to learn some interesting things about them, like their background, aspirations, and their reasons for coming to Tokushima.

We also prepared our own short workshop about foreigners living in Kaiyo! Did you know that we have a high proportion of foreign residents, compared to Tokushima prefecture as a whole? 1.7% of Kaiyo's population consists of foreigners,

TOPIA

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Kaiyo - New Experiences in Tokushima City

whereas its 0.9% for the prefecture entirely!



Global Kaiyo Team giving a presentation



Graduating JHS students of Kaiyo at the TOPIA workshop

It was lunch time when we finished the workshop, so we made our way to a nearby restaurant to enjoy some delicious Vietnamese food. We don't have any Vietnamese restaurants in Kaiyo, so it was a first for the students and definitely different from what they're used to.



Delicious Vietnamese food set



Kaiyo students enjoying Vietnamese food for the first

For the final part of the event, we headed to AEON mall, where the students were able to enjoy some free time at the mall. We eventually got back to Kaiyo at around 5:30PM, bringing our event to a close.

The students got to experience new things throughout the day, and I think they were very surprised at some of the demographics and information they were presented with! Overall, the event went smoothly, so hopefully we can do an event like this again!

We'd also like to thank the staff at TOPIA for preparing the workshop and spending their Saturday morning with our students! TOPIA puts a lot of effort into supporting the foreign community in the prefecture through informative workshops. I think they're also great outside-of-school learning for junior high or high school students!



Japanese & Chinese Chimaki

By: Chen Fangyu

A Ithough both Japan and China have a food known as "chimaki", they are different in shape, how they are made, and the ingredients

that are used.

In China, when we think of chimaki, the thing that



Japanese & Chinese Chimaki

comes to mind is the Dragon Boat Festival that is held on the 5th day of the 5th month of the old lunar calendar (June 22nd this year). The reason that chimaki is eaten during the Dragon Boat Festival is to remember Qu Yuan, a politician, poet, and patriot of the State of Chu during the Warring States period. Qu Yuan was honest and loyal to his country, deeply beloved by the people.

In 278 B.C., after the State of Chu was occupied by the State of Wei, it's said that out of grief and despair he committed suicide by jumping into the Miluo River. After hearing the news, the local people rushed to the river in boats to search for his body, and it's said that they threw chimaki into the river so that fish, shrimp, and other creatures wouldn't eat his body. Since then, every year during the Dragon Boat Festival, people row boats and eat chimaki in order to remember and express their condolences towards the patriotic poet Qu Yuan.

It is generally thought that chimaki came to Japan via China during the Nara period (CE 710 - 794). During that time in China, there was a tradition of eating chimaki on Boy's Day (May 5th), which is said to have then come to Japan. However, it's also said that a steamed food made of glutinous rice similar to chimaki has existed in Japan since long ago. For example, in the Manyoshu, a poem entitled "Glutinous Rice Porridge" can be found, and it is said to be the prototype for chimaki.

It is said that Japanese chimaki took on the shape they have today sometime after the Meiji period (1868 - 1912). During the Meiji period, westernization advanced in Japan, and there was active exchange with foreign countries. During this time, western-style food and sweets were also introduced into Japan's food culture.

This influence is said to have changed the shape of chimaki. Also during the Meiji period, the name of the Boy's Day changed, and the custom of eating chimaki on Children's Day spread.

How to make Japanese Chimaki

Japanese chimaki is very simple to make and only requires topgrade rice flour made from nonglutinous rice, sugar, luke-warm water, bamboo leaves, and soft



rush. In a heat-proof container, slowly pour in the rice flour, sugar, and luke-warm water. Mix evenly and then heat in either a microwave or steamer. Heat until the dough is clear. Let the dough cool and then divide into small pieces and form each into cone shapes. Wrap the dough between two bamboo leaves, tie tightly with a string, and then heat.

How to make Chinese Chimaki



There are many types of Chinese chimaki, but today I will show you how to make meat chimaki. You will need glutinous rice, pork, sugar, salt, pepper, soy sauce, bamboo

leaves, and soft rush (string). First, soak the glutinous rice overnight. Afterwards, discard the water and add soy sauce. Cut the lean pork into bite-sized pieces and season. The bamboo leaves must also be soaked overnight. Line up two bamboo leaves that have the tips slightly cut off so that they form a funnel shape. Place the glutinous rice and pork inside, wrap the rice with another bamboo leaf, and tie tightly with a string. Steam of simmer in a pot for a good portion of time.

Tokushima Culture and Reading Corner: 徳島中央公園

By: Mako Kobayashi

とくしまえき ちか ひろ とくしまちゅうおうこうえん こうまん むかし ば しょ 徳島駅の すぐ近くには、広い 徳島中央公園が あります。この公園は、昔 この場所にあった さくしまじょっ 徳島城のあとに つくられました。

こうえん なか しぜん 公園の中には、自然が たくさんあります。たとえば、春には 桜を、そして5月~6月には を楽しむことができ、 弁天池とよばれる 池もあります。さらに 公園の中 きれいなバラ とくしまじょうはくぶつかん ちかし とくしま とくしまはん はちず か け 徳島 城 博物館があり、昔、徳島にいた徳島藩と蜂須賀家についての 歴史や 美 術 工芸品の てんじ たこな 展示が 行われています。また 歴史を 体感するための イベントなども 開催されます。

まゅうとくしまじょうおもて ご てんていえん 旧徳島 城 表 御殿庭園が その 博物館の となりには、 す。この庭園には、「阿波の青石」といわれる 縞模様で 緑色が とくちょう まま いし つか 特徴の 大きな 石が 使われており、とても 迫力が あります。 そのほか、公園の中をマラソンをしたり、公園の中の低い山「城 ゃま のほ 山」を 登ったりと 色々な 楽しみ方が あります。ぜひ 一度 い 行ってみて^{くだ}さい。



Vocahulary List

vocabulary List												
しぜん 自然	Nature	び じゅっ 美 術	Art	Ep 庭	Garden	かいさい 開催	Hold (Event, etc.)					
int 池 ne u 歴史	Lake	エ芸品	Handicraft	青石	Green Stone	たの 楽しみ方	Way of Having Fun					
歴史	History	てん じ 展示	Exhibition	編模様	Stripe Pattern							
ゔ゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゙	Culture	たいかん 体感	Experience	迫力	Impact							
はくぶつかん 博物館	Museum	イベント	Event	とくちょう 特 徴	Characteristic							

カンニング (cheating) By: Sydney Bartig

Gairaigo Galore



One of the things you have to be especially careful about when learning Japanese is katakana words. For English speakers, there are many words that thankfully translate directly, although they usually have a slightly different pronunciation, such as " ホ テ ル "

(hotel), "バス" (bus), "タクシー" (taxi), and countless other words. But as you may know from this column, there are also countless

words where the Japanese takes a very different meaning from



the original English. For this month's example, we have the word "カンニング", which you may immediately expect to translate as "cunning". However, this is of course not the case.

While in English, cunning is an adjective typically used to describe someone in a not-so-favorable fashion. (le: Someone who achieves their goals through less than reputable means.) In Japanese, however, カンニング is a verb that means cheating, and you will hear it used in regards to exams. (le: Looking at someone else's paper during an exam, using your phone during an exam, etc.). It's important to note that this type of 'cheating' only applies to things such as exams, not relationships. (That's a whole different word.)

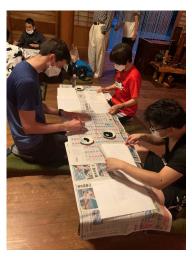
It seems that this word made its way into the Japanese language sometime during the Meiji period. Another interesting word that goes along with this is " カンペ ", which would be "cunning paper", or as it's actually known in English, a cheat sheet.



Introduction to NPO Attakaiyo - Attakaiyo Japanese Class

By: Yuko Lafontaine, Chairman

In July of fiscal year 2020, the Attakaiyo Japanese Class held a training seminar for local, Japanese language volunteers, and in October of the same year the actual Japanese classes began to take place. Since we began our activities in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic, we faced many restrictions relating to infection prevention. However, with the support of our volunteers who participated in the training seminars, we have been able to continue our activities into the present day.



Although it is not widely known, Kaiyo Town actually has the highest ratio of foreign residents in regards to population in Tokushima Prefecture. When we began our Japanese language classes, they were lively and fun thanks to the employers

who brought their trainees to the classes each week. However, due to COVID-19 and other natural disasters, the number of trainees attending the classes drastically decreased, along with the number of volunteers. Due to this, we continued our classes on a one-on-one basis. Starting from the fiscal year 2022, the number of technical intern trainees slowly began to increase, and although the number of students was small, students from a variety of countries began



attending the Japanese language classes. I think it is very meaningful that, because we continued with our Japanese classes, the fact that Kaiyo Town has Japanese classes available is slowly becoming known to the businesses and people of the town.



At the beginning, it was difficult for us to hold classes during the daytime as many of the technical intern trainees were engaged in agricultural related work. Therefore, we held the classes on Sunday evenings. We also hold cultural activities on a monthly basis, and so that as many of our students can participate as possible, we try to hold these activities on Sunday evenings as well. For our cultural activities, we invite not only the students of our Japanese classes, but also the NPO members and ALTs that are living in the town. We try to create a place where a variety of people can interact with each other and deepen their bonds.

While we still have various issues that need to be addressed, we will strive to improve our method of operations, train new volunteers, improve our disaster prevention/mitigation activities, and more.



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Japanese Lesson

By: Takako Yamada

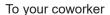
This month, let's study A) how to get the attention of others and B) how to respond when someone calls out to us.

職場で At the work place

To your boss:

- 1) A: あの、すみません、いま、お時間よろしいでしょうか。 B: はい、なんでしょう。
- 2) A: おいそがしいときに すみません。

B:いえ、だいじょうぶですよ。



1) To a person older than you (to your senior)

Ex. 1: A: いま、いいですか?

B: ええ、どうぞ。(polite) /うん、いいよ、なに? (casual)

Ex. 2: A: あの、すみません。ちょっと きいてもいいですか。

B: ええ、どうぞ。なんですか。(polite) /うん、いいよ、なに? (casual)

2) To a person the same age or younger than you

A: いま、ちょっといい?/いま、だいじょうぶ? (casual)

B: ええ、どうぞ。なんですか。(polite) /うん、いいよ、なに? (casual)

いま、ちょっといい?

Let's try!

1.	When	you talk t	o your b	oss while	e he/she	is at work,	what will	you say?
	(

When you talk to your coworker while he/she is at work, what will you say?(

Answers 1. (本の、) すみません、今、お時間よろしいでしょうか。 1. (本の、) すみません、今、お時間よろしいでしょうか。









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Events & Memoranda

A Walk Under the Starry Summer Night Sky

By: Masayuki Ozawa, Group Advisor of the Asutamu Land Science Museum

O nce the rainy season ends, you can see the summer constellations in the sky around 9 PM. Let us guide you to that view a little sooner.



Low in the southern sky, there is a large "S" shaped line of stars that sleeps on its side. This is known as

the "Scorpius Constellation". Due to its beautiful alignment of stars, there are many stories from around the world about it. It's said that fishermen of the Setouchi region of Japan used to refer to the rounded tail area of Scorpius as "the fishing star" due to it looking similar to a fishing hook. Nowadays, we know that this portion is the central part of the Milky Way, but that was unknown in those days. As it looked like a fishing hook floating in the Milky Way, perhaps the fishermen thought of the Milky Way as the Setouchi Sea and dreamed of catching a large sea bream.

Moving north up the Milky Way, there are three bright stars that appear. Farthest up is a pure white star that is apart of the Lyra Constellation – Vega. This is the Orihime star that appears in the Tanabata story. Moving to the south is the

Altair star of the Aquila Constellation w h i c h represents Hikoboshi. Just like in the story, these stars



live apart and are separated by the Milky Way. A star known as Deneb shines as if watching over these two. In the Tanabata story, once a year a magpie creates a bridge over the Milky Way for Hikoboshi to go visit Orihime. However, Deneb is not a magpie, it is actually part of the Cygnus (swan) Constellation.

Summer brings about many opportunities to go out and view the stars, and these stars have the power to soothe our souls. At the planetarium in Asutamu Land Tokushima, we will introduce you to the starry sky of summer, which here is always clear and without a single cloud. How about

attending a star-hunting rehearsal before summer truly arrives?



Planetarium Fun ☆ [A Walk Under the Starry Summer Sky] たっぷりプラネ☆「夏の星空散歩」

During this time where the nights are short, stay up late and enjoy the starry sky!

When: June 1st (Thur.) - July 31st (Mon)

15:40 - 16:30

Where: Asutamu Land Tokushima,

Children's Science Museum Planetarium

Fee: It is necessary to purchase a planetarium

viewing ticket

夜の短い時期は、夜更かしして星空を楽しもう!

日時:6月1日(木)~7月31日(月)

15:40 ~ 16:30

場所:あすたむランド徳島

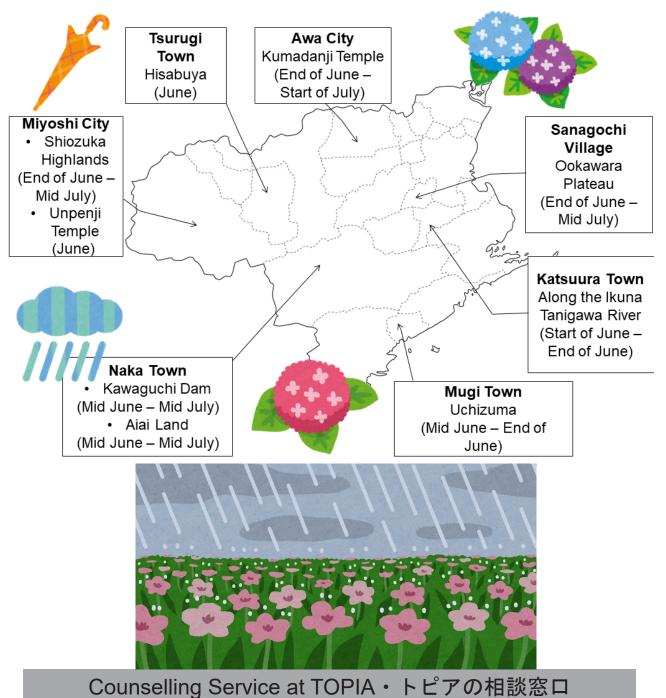
子ども科学館プラネタリウム

料金:プラネタリウム観覧券が必要

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Events & Memoranda

Tokushima Hydrangea Map 2023 徳島県あじさい案内図 2023



TOPIA provides consultation on everyday life, education, labor, medical institutions, and disaster

prevention; and information on sightseeing spots to overseas residents and visitors. When necessary, we will refer you to the appropriate organization that can assist with your needs. Counselling is available in English, Chinese, Vietnamese, and Japanese. Please note that although every effort will be made, we may not be able to deal with all cases.

Japanese, English, Chinese: Everyday, 10:00 - 18:00 (closed during the New Year's holidays)
Vietnamese: Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays, 10:00 - 14:00
Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, 10:00 - 18:00 (closed during the New Year's holidays)